

Claims

1. A method for identifying a property of a test substance with respect to a human prostaglandin D receptor by correlating an effect of the substance on human CRTH2 with an effect of the substance on the human prostaglandin D receptor.
2. The identification method according to claim 1, wherein the effect of the test substance on the human prostaglandin D receptor is selective modulator effect on a human prostaglandin D receptor subtype.
3. The identification method according to claim 1 ~~or 2~~, wherein binding ability, to human CRTH2 or a derivative thereof, of the test substance is used as an index of the property of the substance with respect to the human prostaglandin D receptor.
4. The identification method according to claim 1 ~~or 2~~, wherein in situ agonistic/antagonistic ability, to human CRTH2, of the test substance is used as an index of the property of the substance with respect to the human prostaglandin D receptor.